OXFORD JR/SR HIGH SCHOOL Tuckpointing Unified school district #358

SECTION 04531

MASONRY TUCK POINTING

PART 1 - GENERAL

1. **DESCRIPTION**

- 1.1 This section specifies requirements for tuck pointing (pointing) of existing brick masonry and stone (cast stone) elements on the building.
- 1.2 The purpose of this project is to remove the loose grout and replace with new; cut out and remove cracked or damaged mortar and replace with new; in order to maintain the integrity of the exterior masonry skin.
- 1.3 Match the color of the existing mortar. This contractor shall prepare a mock-up of the proposed grout, showing a finished look color and finish.
- 1.4 Cleaning the wall prior to the start of the work. This process will help identify damaged or deteriorated areas.
- 1.5 During the construction phase, all precaution shall be taken to protect any other building surfaces, pedestrians, and automobiles.

2. RELATED WORK

- 2.1 Mortars: Refer to Section 04100
- 2.2 Cleaning
- 2.3 Caulking: Refer to Section 07000

3. APPLICABLE PUBLICATIONS

- 3.1 Publications listed below form a part of this specification to extent referenced. Publications are referenced in the text by basic designation only.
- 3.2 American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM):
 - C67-07Brick and Structural Clay Tile, Sampling and Testing
 - C216-07 Facing Brick (Solid Masonry Units Made from Clay or Shale)
 - C270-07 Mortar for Unit Masonry

PART 2 - PRODUCTS

2.1 TUCK POINTING

MORTAR

As per appendix X3 of ASTM C270.

2.2 **REPLACEMENT MASONRY UNITS**

- a. Face Brick:
 - 1. ASTM C216, Grade SW, Type FBS. Brick shall be classified slightly efflorescent or better when tested in accordance with ASTM C67.
 - 2. Face brick (if required to be replaced) shall match facing brick of the existing building (color, size and texture) that is being tuck pointed.
- b. Cast Stone / Stone.
 - 1. Tuck pointing work shall include the joints in the accent stone and windowsills, ect.

PART 3 - EXECUTION

3.1 CUT OUT OF EXISTING MORTAR JOINTS

- a. Cut out existing mortar joints (both bed and head joints) and remove by means of a toothing chisel or a special pointer's grinder, to a uniform depth of to 19 mm (3/4-inch), or until sound mortar is reached. Take care to not damage edges of existing masonry units to remain.
- b. Remove dust and debris from the joints by brushing, blowing with air or rinsing with water. Do not rinse when temperature is below freezing.

3.2 JOB CONDITIONS

- a. Protection: Protect newly pointed joints from rain, until pointed joints are sufficiently hard enough to prevent damage.
- **3.3** All masonry surfaces shall be washed with pressurized water, approximately 1000 PSI, to remove all dust, dirt and residue from surface areas, leaving the surface in a reasonably clean, bright form.
- **3.4** A careful inspection of all mortar joints shall be completed and joints that are found to be void, open or defective shall be cut back to a depth ¹/₄-inch deeper than the width of the joints, or to sound backing. All cut mortar joints and face masonry shall be cleaned with air and/or water pressure to remove any loose or foreign residue.
- **3.5** Defective mortar joins that have been cut and cleaned shall then be pointed (filled and tightly packed) with a non-staining, non-shrinking, Type "N", masonry pointing mortar, colored and tooled to match the adjacent joints in appearance as closely as possible.

3.6 INSTALLATION OF TUCKPOINTING MORTAR

- a. Immediately prior to application of mortar, dampen joints to be tuck pointed. Prior to application of pointing mortar, allow masonry units to absorb surface water.
- b. Tightly pack mortar into joints in thin layers, approximately 6 mm (1/4-inch) thick maximum.
- c. Allow layer to become "thumbprint hard" before applying next layer.
- d. Pack final layer flush with surfaces of masonry units. When mortar becomes "thumbprint hard", tool joints.

3.7 TOOLING OF JOINTS

- a. Tool joints in patch work with a jointing tool to match the existing surrounding joints.
- **3.8** The perimeter of all door frames (masonry-to-frame joints) shall have all existing fill materials removed, the joint surface area shall be cleaned of all foreign residue and resealed with a polyurethane rubber sealant, tooled to a watertight condition. Color of new sealant shall match the adjacent door trim or adjacent mortar joins as closely as possible.
- **3.9** At the steel lintels above the windows, cut out the existing sealant to allow for water trapped at the lintels to escape.
- **3.10** The vertical head joints between the water tables stones shall be cut back to a depth of approximately ½-inch, cleaned of all dust, dirt and loose debris. All joints shall have bond breaker tape or foam backer rod installed to prevent three-sided adhesion. The joints shall then be resealed utilizing a polyurethane sealant, Masterseal NP1 or equal. New sealant shall be tooled to a neat, uniform appearance and shall match the original material in color as closely as possible.
- 3.11 Upon completion of the previously outlined work, all exterior masonry surfaces shall be given one(1) application of a transparent, penetrating siloxane water repellent solution. This material shall be applied in strict accordance with manufacturer's recommendations.

3.12 REPLACEMENT OF MASONRY UNITS (IF REQUIRED – ADDITIONAL COST)

- a. Cut out mortar joints surrounding masonry units that are to be removed and replaced.
 - 1. Units removed may be broken and removed, providing surrounding units to remain are not damaged.
 - 2. Once the units are removed, carefully chisel out the old mortar and remove dust and debris.
 - 3. If units are located in exterior wythe of a cavity or veneer wall, exercise care to prevent debris falling into cavity.
- b. Dampen surfaces of the surrounding units before new units are placed.
 - 1. Allow existing masonry to absorb surface moisture prior to starting installation of the new replacement units.
 - 2. Butter contact surfaces of existing masonry and new replacement masonry units with mortar.
 - 3. Center replacement masonry units in opening and press into position.

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- 4. Remove excess mortar with a trowel.
- 5. Point around replacement masonry units to ensure full head and bed joints.
- 6. When mortar becomes "thumbprint hard", tool joint

3.13 CLEANING

- a. Clean exposed masonry surfaces on completion.
- b. Remove mortar droppings and other foreign substances from wall surfaces.
- c. First wet surfaces with clean water, then wash down with a solution of soap-less detergent specially prepared for cleaning brick.
- d. Brush with stiff fiber brushes while washing, and immediately thereafter hose down with clean water.
- e. Free clean surfaces from traces of detergent, foreign streaks or stains. Protect materials during cleaning operations including adjoining construction.
- f. Use of muriatic acid for cleaning is prohibited.